JORDAN SCOTT

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IDEAS ON COMPOSITION



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"The single most important component of a camera is the twelve inches behind it."

- Ansel Adams



Consider Black & White to Emphasize Compositional Relationships and Contrasts



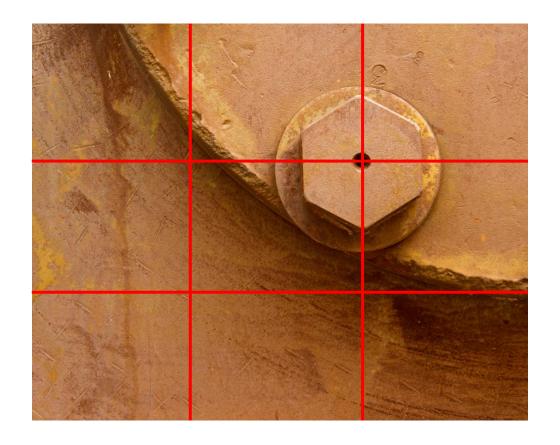
Learn to See in Black & White!

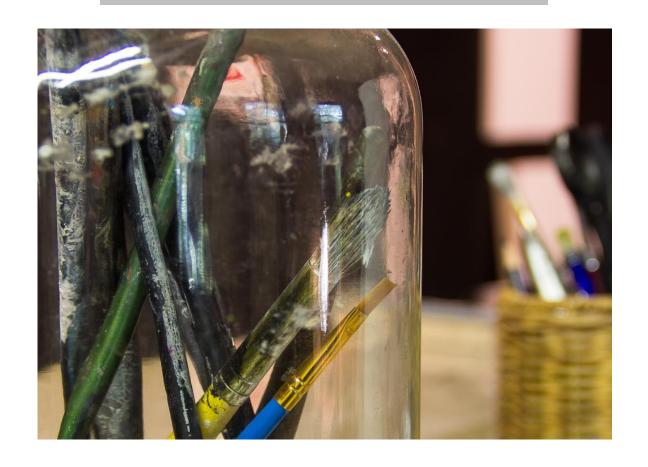


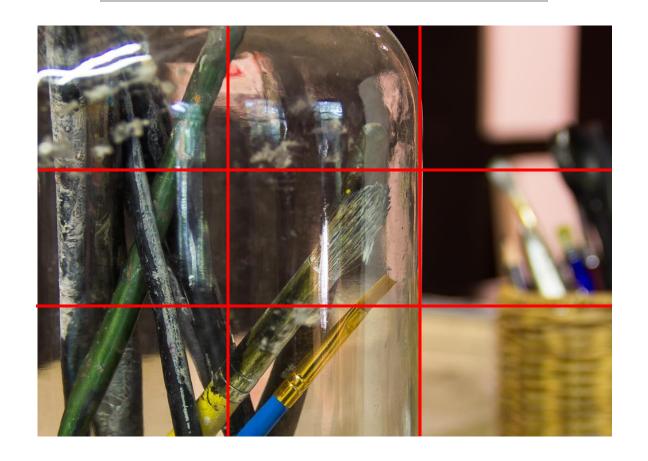
The "Rule of Thirds"

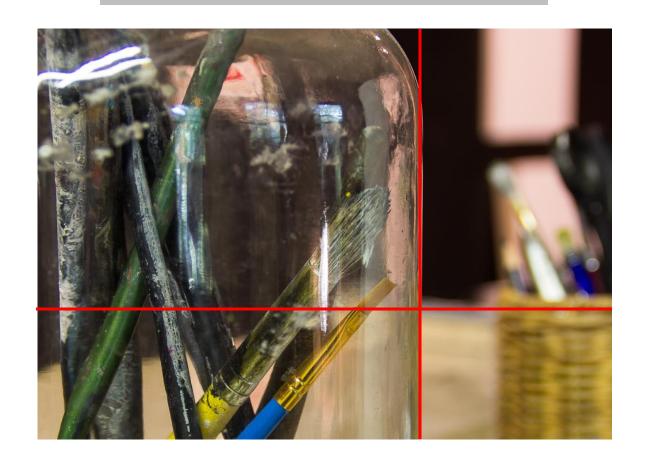
While framing/composing your shot think of the four intersecting horizontal and vertical lines. Divide your composition using them and place your subject on one of lines, using the power points when appropriate. This is not a hard rule, but a good guideline to follow to get your subject out of center for more interesting and dramatic look.











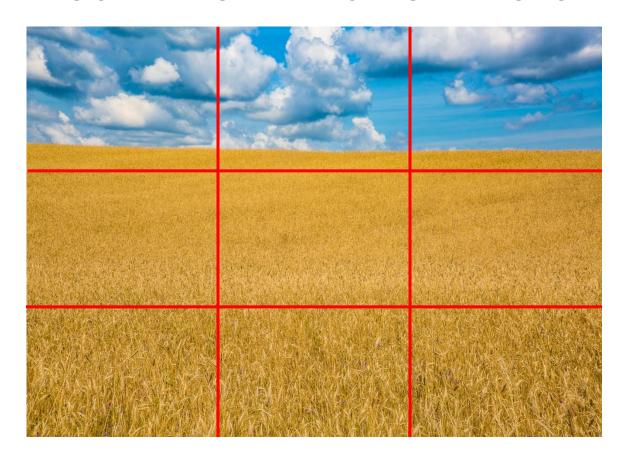
The "Rule of Thirds"

IT DOESN'T HAVE TO BE A PERFECT ALIGNMENT TO WORK

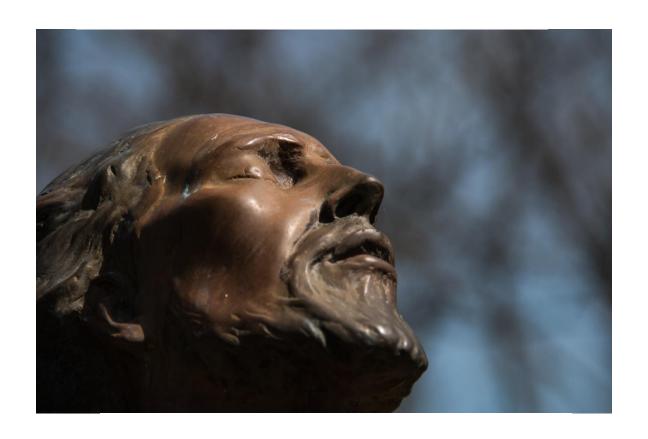


The "Rule of Thirds"

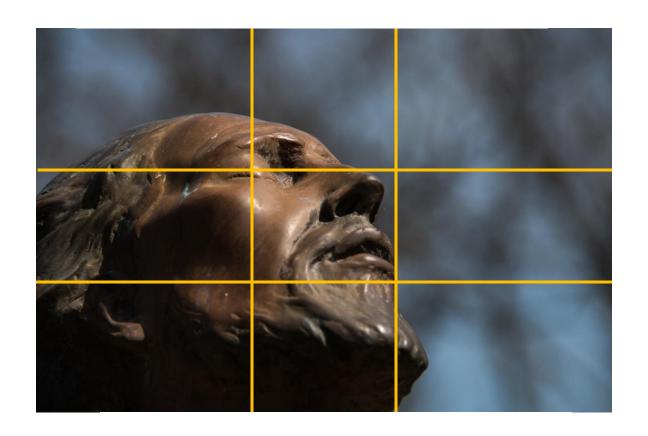
IT DOESN'T HAVE TO BE A PERFECT ALIGNMENT TO WORK



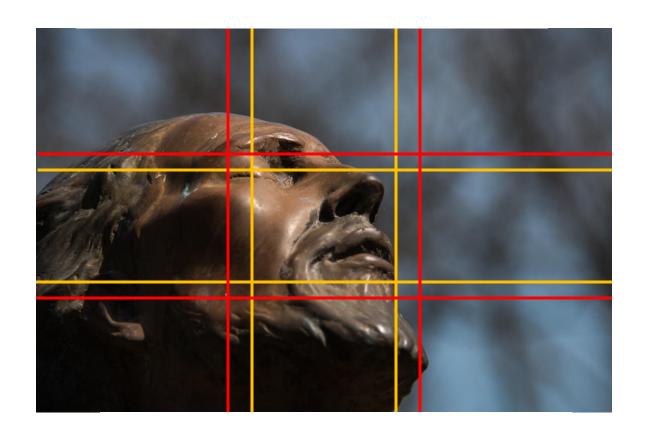
The "Rule of Thirds" variation
The "Golden Ratio"



The "Rule of Thirds" variation
The "Golden Ratio"



The "Rule of Thirds" variation
The "Golden Ratio"



Fill the Frame

When appropriate, don't leave too much space around your main subject. This deemphasizes the importance of your subject. Move in, or zoom in, closer.

Fill the Frame



Fill the Frame



Make Use of "Leading Lines"

Lines in a scene can help control where the viewers eyes moves and lead them into the subject.

Make Use of "Leading Lines"



Make Use of "Leading Lines"



Bad Lines and Distractions

Pay attention to the background and avoid bad lines that cut through the subject in an awkward way, or otherwise distract from the subject. Also, watch for distractions, or "eyes snags," around the subject and edges of the composition.

Bad Lines and Distractions



taken from Google images

Change Your Perspective

Don't just shoot from eyes level. Experiment with different heights, angles and perspectives.

Change Your Perspective



Wide Aperture

Use a wide aperture to make the subject pop.

Open up the aperture, to blur background and/or foreground.

Keep the main subject in "tack sharp" focus.

Wide Aperture + Macro Telephoto Lens



Fill the Frame + Wide Aperture + Telephoto Lens



Framing



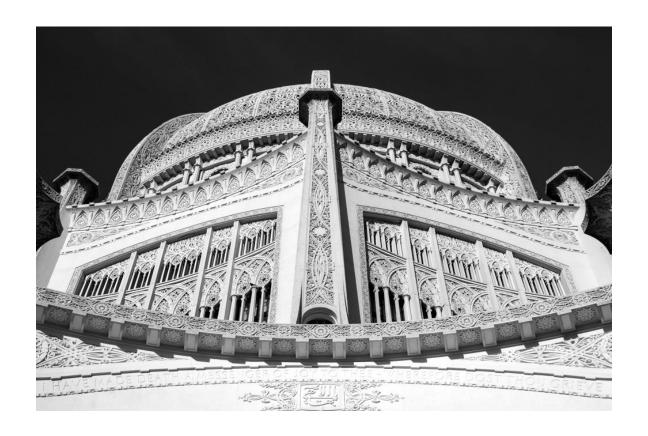
Framing + Rule of Thirds



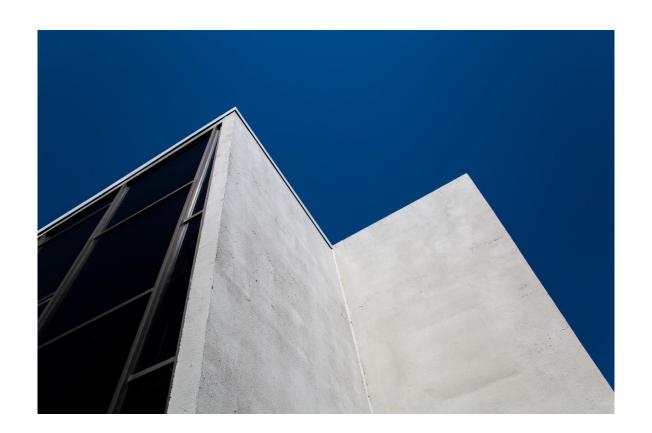
Symmetry



Symmetry + Black & White



Diagonals



Converging Lines (with Symmetry + Black & White)



Repetition and Pattern



Repetition, Pattern & Texture



Reflections and Shadows



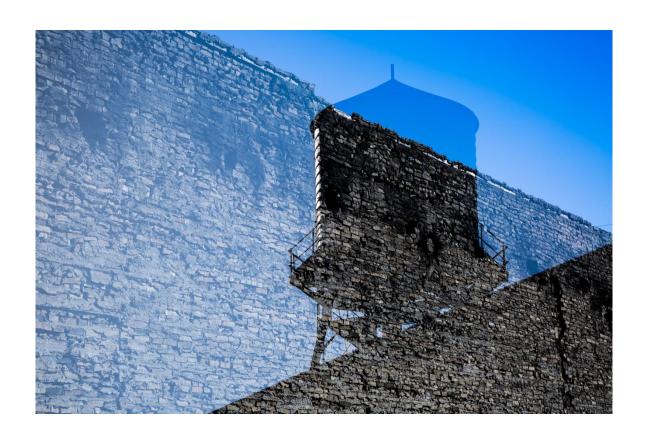
Motion Blur to Create Original Compositional Element



Change Format/Image Ratio



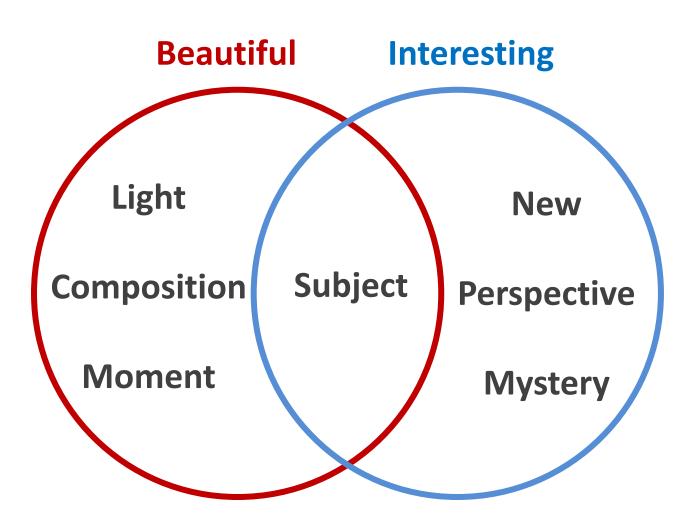
Double/Multiple Exposures



Zoom Art



A GREAT PHOTOGRAPH



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- Ansel Adams

